The Rise and Fall of Hitler’s Germany


A journey that takes you from Berlin to Auschwitz to Warsaw, focused on the devastating legacy of the Holocaust, the bombing raids, and the last battles.

Booking early has its rewards. See page 6 for details.
Dear Friend,

To fully comprehend World War II, one needs to understand its origins.

In Europe, the journey to war began in the private meeting rooms and raucous public stadiums of Germany where the Nazis concocted and then promoted their designs for a new world order, one founded on conquest and racial-purity ideals. As they launched the war by invading Poland on September 1, 1939, Hitler and his followers unleashed a hell that would return to its birthplace in Berlin fewer than six years later.

I invite you to join one of the Museum’s most unique travel programs, *The Rise and Fall of Hitler’s Germany*. This poignant journey will be led by WWII scholar and author Dr. Alexandra Richie, one of the Museum’s closest friends and advisors.

Our guests will travel through Germany and Poland, exploring historical sites and reflecting on how the Nazis rose to power and then brought destruction and misery to Europe. Visiting battlefields, museums and memorials while interacting with locals—and immersed in the expert storytelling of Dr. Richie—tour participants will experience one of the top offerings in the Museum’s travel catalog. For WWII history enthusiasts, this is one not to miss!

Sincerely,

Stephen J. Watson
President & CEO, The National WWII Museum

CALL US AT 1-877-813-3329 x 257 | VISIT US AT WW2MUSEUMTOURS.ORG


COVER PHOTO: RUSSIAN SOLDIERS LOOKING AT A TORN DOWN GERMAN NAZI EAGLE WITH SWASTIKA EMBLEM LYING IN THE RUINS OF THE REICH CHANCELLERY AFTER THE FALL OF BERLIN—1945, BERLIN, GERMANY.
Bringing History to Life

The National WWII Museum Educational Program provides vivid insight into the war that changed the world—but nothing can tell the story of that war more dramatically than a visit to the actual places where victory was fought for and won. Our Travel Program allows you to experience these journeys in first-class comfort as you go behind the scenes to the beaches, bridges, cities, and villages where crucial battles took place and history-making decisions were made. Guided by esteemed experts in WWII history, you’ll hear the personal stories and walk in the footsteps of the brave individuals who fought for the freedom we enjoy today.

“...The trip was fabulous. I learned so much about Poland, the tenacity of its people, and experiences of World War II that most people, even WWII buffs, aren’t remotely aware of. An eye-opening experience. Dr. Richie was beyond words. Her knowledge, sense of humor, personal family stories, involvement within the Polish museums and educational communities, and her ability to put up with all of us was amazing. The last night at her house was the icing on the cake!”

– Marji D., Millsboro, DE

Alexandra Richie, DPhil
Author and Historian

Expert historian Alexandra Richie, DPhil, leads this tour of the area she has researched and written so much about. Her most recent work, Warsaw 1944, became the #1 best-selling book in Poland and won the Newsweek Teresa Torńska Prize for Best Nonfiction 2014, as well as the Kazimierz Moczarski Prize for Best History Book in Poland 2015. Her first book, Faust’s Metropolis: A History of Berlin, was named one of the top ten books of the year by Publisher’s Weekly. Richie earned her doctorate at St. Antony’s College, Oxford, and after graduating, worked for the Boston Consulting Group in London restructuring former communist industries across Central and Eastern Europe. She later returned to Oxford as a Fellow of Wolfson College, where she taught history and international relations.

She currently serves as a Professor of History at the Collegium Civitas in Warsaw and is the Director of the Department of International Relations. Specializing in defense and security studies, Richie has contributed to many articles, documentaries, radio, and television programs, and is passionate about educating students on the rich history of the region. She lives in Warsaw with her husband, Władysław Bartoszewski, and their two daughters. Richie is the convener of the Presidential Counselors advisory group at The National WWII Museum.

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The Rise and Fall of Hitler’s Germany


12 DAYS FROM $7,495 $6,995 double occupancy
$9,595 $9,095 single occupancy.

$229 per person taxes and fees are additional.

*Pricing on these tour dates effective when booked by November 15, 2019.
**Pricing on these tour dates effective when booked by March 17, 2020.

• Exclusive itinerary designed by The National WWII Museum and Alexandra Richie, DPhil
• Special access to sites not offered on other tours, including a special farewell dinner at a historic, private home
• VIP events with the opportunity to meet people who were eyewitnesses to historic events in Germany and Poland
• Full-time logistical tour manager
• Expert local guides
• Roundtrip airport transfers (when arriving and departing on scheduled group tour dates)
• Inter-European flight from Kraków to Gdańsk
• Luxury 5-star and deluxe 4-star accommodations throughout the journey
• Private, first-class, air-conditioned motor coach transportation
• Personal listening devices on all included touring
• Included gratuities to guides, drivers, porters, and servers
• 11 Breakfasts, 6 Lunches, 5 Dinners, and 3 Receptions
• Beer, house wine, and soft drinks with included lunches and dinners
• Personalized luggage tags and customized name badge
• Keepsake journal and pen to document your journey
• Informative map book including useful battlefield maps and archival images to be used throughout your journey.

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Travel on a journey that takes you from Berlin to Auschwitz to Warsaw, focused on the devastating legacy of the Holocaust, the bombing raids, and the last battles.

**1939**

Sept.–Westerplatte, Poland  
Nazi Germany invades Poland and fires the first shots of World War II in Europe.

**1940**

May 20–Oswiecim, Poland  
Auschwitz is established by the SS and initially populated with Polish political prisoners and then becomes the site of mass extermination of European Jewry.

**1940**

January 15–Krakow, Poland  
Oskar Schindler, opens his factory where he will go on to save more than a thousand Jews.

**1940**

July 20–East Prussia, Germany  
An assassination attempt on Hitler fails at the fortified command post known as “Wolf’s Lair.”

**1944**

August 1–Warsaw, Poland  
As Soviet forces near Warsaw, Polish freedom fighters take up arms, thus beginning the Warsaw Uprising.

**1944**

March 24–Żagań, Poland  
Seventy-six prisoners of war escape Stalag Luft III, in what later becomes known as “The Great Escape.”

**1944**

Aug 1–Radzymin, Poland  
One of the last great tank battles on the Eastern Front begins.

**1944**

April 16–Berlin, Germany  
The Battle of Berlin begins, resulting in Germany’s capital city being reduced to rubble.

**1945**

May 20–Oswiecim, Poland  
Auschwitz is established by the SS and initially populated with Polish political prisoners and then becomes the site of mass extermination of European Jewry.

**1945**

May 6–Breslau, Germany  
Breslau surrenders, becoming the last major city in Germany to fall.

**1945**

July 17–Potsdam, Germany  
Churchill, Truman, and Stalin meet at Cecilienhof Palace for the Potsdam Conference.

Photo Credits Top to Bottom, Left to Right: The Nazi propaganda photo shows the painting “Beschießung der Westerplatte” (“The bombardment of the Westerplatte”) by artist Claus Bergen at the great art exhibit in Munich / dpa picture alliance / Alamy; Oskar Schindler, Frankfurt, Germany, 1963 / Everett Collection Historical / Alamy; Entrance of Auschwitz / Matthew Taylor / Alamy; House of Wannsee Conference / Contributor ullstein bild / Getty; Adolf Hitler at a meeting at Wolf’s Lair / Sueddeutsche Zeitung Photo / Alamy.

Photo Credits Top to Bottom, Left to Right: The Warsaw Uprising / World History Archive / Alamy; German Panzertruppen / Pictorial Press Ltd / Alamy; Destroyed houses in Dresden / SPUTNIK / Alamy; Russian flag is flown over the ruins of the Reichstag / World History Archive / Alamy; Breslau Ruins, 1945 / akg-images / Alamy; Potsdam Conference / INTERFOTO Alamy.
The Warsaw Uprising Museum, Warsaw, Poland

This museum opened to the public on the 60th anniversary of the 1944 Warsaw Uprising, and is one of the most visited places in Warsaw. It is a tribute to all those who fought and died to free Poland and depicts the struggle of everyday life during the horror of occupation. The exhibits feature photographs, recordings, and videos from before, during, and after the uprising; a replica of a Liberator B-24J bomber used by the Allies during air drops; a 3-D movie of the destruction of Warsaw during the uprising; and a recreation of sewer tunnels used by the Resistance to move around the city.

The Topography of Terror Museum, Berlin, Germany

Now an outdoor and indoor history museum in Berlin, Germany, Topography of Terror is located on the site of buildings that housed the SS Reich Main Security Office, the headquarters of the Secret State Police, Security Service, and Gestapo during the Nazi regime from 1933 to 1945. More than 1.3 million people visited in 2018, making this memorial site one of the most frequently visited places of remembrance in Berlin.

The Allied Museum, Berlin, Germany

In its permanent exhibition, How Enemies Became Friends, the Allied Museum tells the story of the Western powers in Berlin and Germany from 1945 to 1994. Original exhibits and large-scale artifacts include a plane from the Berlin Airlift, a restored segment of a tunnel used for espionage, and the guardhouse from Checkpoint Charlie. They bring to life the eventful history of a friendship between the people of Berlin and the Americans, British, and French.

POW Camps Museum, Żagań, Poland

During World War II, there were four prisoner of war camps under the command of VIII Wehrmacht Military District with headquarters in Wroclaw and three POW camps under the command of the Luftwaffe in Żagań. On the evening of March 24, 1944, 76 prisoners from one of these camps, Stalag Luft III, escaped via a specially constructed tunnel during an event has become known to history as “The Great Escape.” A modern-day museum at this site commemorates what took place there and features a replica of a prisoner’s barrack with restored equipment, a replica of the escape tunnel “Harry,” and a reconstructed watchtower.

Museum of the Second World War, Gdańsk, Poland

Located where World War II began on September 1, 1939, it is the only WWII Museum in the world dedicated to putting the war into an international context, commemorating the losses of all nations that suffered under German occupation.

The Martyrdom Museum, Auschwitz-Birkenau, Poland

Housed in the former Nazi concentration and extermination camp, the preservation of the original buildings and relics has long evoked controversy. Through international support, this museum takes collective and individual memories into account, along with the accompanying reflections and emotions of its many visitors.

The POLIN Museum of the History of the Polish Jews, Warsaw, Poland

The POLIN Museum is located in the area the Nazis turned into the Jewish ghetto during World War II. Beyond the main exhibition that presents the history of Polish Jews, POLIN Museum also functions as an educational center with rich cultural programs working closely with the community at large.
Arrive in Berlin and transfer to the Regent Berlin Hotel. Enjoy free time in the area before attending a Welcome Dinner and tour preview with Dr. Alexandra Richie this evening.

Accommodations: Regent Berlin (R, D)

THE EXPERIENCE

Berlin

After breakfast, a tour of Berlin begins at the reimagined and refurbished Reichstag building, historic home of the Bundestag (the national parliament) from 1894 to 1933. The massive 19th century building was used during the German Empire, the Weimar Republic, Nazi Germany, and now by a united, democratic Germany. Visit the Berlin Wall Memorial at Bernauer Strasse, where the only preserved section of the notorious wall can be seen, and walk the “no-man’s-land” along the remaining segment. The tour continues to the Topography of Terror Museum, which has housed a permanent exhibition since 1987, when the cellar of a Gestapo headquarters was discovered and excavated. An open-air memorial was erected in memory of those who were imprisoned, tortured, and killed by the Nazis, and the site developed into a prize-winning documentation center. After lunch, visit the Olympic Stadium on the outskirts of Berlin. Built to host the 11th Olympic Summer games in 1936, the stadium was a prime example of Nazi architecture and design, and could hold 110,000 spectators. This evening is free for dinner and independent exploration of Berlin.

Accommodations: Regent Berlin (B, L)
The International Olympic Committee awarded the Games of the XI Olympiad to Berlin in 1931, two years before the Nazis rose to power. Designed as a way to welcome Germany back to the international community after the Great War, the Games eventually became a propaganda tool for Adolf Hitler to display his “new Germany” to the world.

The Games became the spectacle that Reich Minister of Propoganda Josef Goebbels and Hitler had hoped. Many of the conventions of the modern Olympic Games have their roots in 1936. Hitler wanted to promote the Nazi cause by invoking the symbolism of ancient Greece and the glory of the Olympics for his own ends. A torch was lit in Athens and carried by a succession of runners to the Olympic Stadium in Berlin—the first ever Olympic Torch Relay. The Olympic Village on the outskirts of Berlin included more amenities than had ever been available to athletes: each house offered a multilingual steward, beds manufactured to the customary level of comfort of each country, and menus tailored to each participating nation. These were also the first televised Games, with a closed-circuit feed available both in the Olympic Village and on large screens throughout Berlin. Leni Riefenstahl’s film *Olympia* documented athletes with groundbreaking film techniques.

Careful to avoid international incidents in the early years of Nazi rule, Germany removed anti-Semitic materials, newspapers, and signs from all areas near the Games.

To encounter evidence of the harsh reality of Nazi policies, visitors would have not had to travel far from Berlin. In fact, it was forbidden to include racial descriptions in any official German press reports from the Games. A few journalists such as William Shirer continued to warn the world about the effects of Nazi propaganda, but the prevailing attitude was that these peaceful and lavish Games would help soften the rough edges of the Third Reich.

The 1936 Games have become famous for Jesse Owens’ four gold medals, the participation of *Unbroken* protagonist Louis Zamperini, and Germany’s sole Jewish representative Helene Mayer. Hitler himself was ecstatic about the success of the Games, declaring that the 1940 Games may be in Tokyo, but “thereafter they will take place in Germany for all time to come.”
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THE EXPERIENCE

Berlin

Start the day at the House of the Wannsee Conference, a lakeside mansion used by the Nazis in 1942 as they formulated the “Final Solution” of the planned extermination of European Jewry. Stop for lunch on the way to Potsdam, the capital of the Brandenburg state, which is only 15 miles from Berlin. Visit Cecilienhof Palace, the location of the Potsdam Conference of 1945, where Stalin, Churchill, and Truman met to discuss how to establish a post-war order. Return to Berlin for a guided tour of the Allied Museum located in the American sector of postwar Berlin. The remainder of the evening is free for exploring Berlin and enjoying an independent dinner.

Accommodations: Regent Berlin (B, L)

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THE EXPERIENCE

Żagań to Wroclaw

After an early farewell to Berlin, the group heads to Żagań, a small city in Poland near the German border. During World War II, Żagań was the site of Stalag Luft III. It was from this camp that one of the most daring prisoner escapes took place, providing the inspiration for the 1963 film, The Great Escape. Around eighty prisoners escaped through tunnels underneath the complex. All but three were recaptured, and fifty were executed. A museum at the site of the former camp is dedicated to the martyrdom of Allied prisoners of war. After lunch in Żagań, continue to Wroclaw for the evening.

Accommodations: AC Hotel by Marriott Wroclaw (B, L, D)
The area around Żagań, now in Poland, was selected by the Nazis as the site of Stalag Luft III due to several security considerations. The sandy soil would compromise the integrity of any underground tunnel, and the underground soil contrasted sharply with the surface sand, making any soil dumped from tunneling operations instantly noticeable. Additionally, the Germans placed seismographs around the camp to detect any sounds of digging, and the barracks were raised off of the ground to allow for easy visual inspections.

These obstacles did not deter Royal Air Force Squadron Leader Roger Bushell from launching an ambitious escape plan involving three tunnels code-named Tom, Dick, and Harry. Bushell started by consolidating all escape plans. No tunnels or escapes would be attempted outside of his plan. In the event of detection of one of the tunnels, work could continue on the other two as the guards focused on the first.

Work on the three tunnels began in spring of 1943. More than 600 prisoners worked on the tunnels in various roles such as digging, soil disposal, and scavenging for supplies—especially wood for bracing the sandy soil in the tunnels. The tunnels were thirty feet deep, but only two square feet wide so that they could be easily concealed. Work on Tunnel Dick was stopped to allow it to be used for storage and soil disposal. Tom was discovered by the Germans in the winter, so work stopped on Harry until the Germans’ heightened security was reduced.

In March 1944, nearly one year after Bushell first called a meeting about the escape plans, Harry was complete. The original plans called for a summer escape, but the date was moved forward to the first moonless night. The March weather did not cooperate with temperatures below freezing at night, but the escapees continued with the plan. On the night of the planned escape, the entrance to the hatch was frozen, delaying the opening by over an hour, and an air raid alert cut the electricity and the lighting in the tunnel. Finally, the first men made their way outside the camp in the evening hours of March 24, 1944. The tunnel exit was too close to a guard tower, so the flow of escapees had to be slowed to six men per hour. Seventy-six POWs made it out of the camp, but only three evaded capture. To set an example, Hitler ordered all escapees to be executed, but the number was reduced to 50 who were sent to a firing squad.

Dutch aviator Bram Van der Stok managed to evade capture, and was the only one of the three permanent escapees to rejoin the fight. With the Royal Air Force, Van der Stok flew missions over the coast of Northern Europe, was awarded the Order of Orange Nassau from the Netherlands, and was inducted as a Member of the Order of the British Empire. He later settled in the United States, worked as a General Practitioner, and eventually joined NASA’s space lab research team.
Start the day with a brief stop at Oskar Schindler’s factory, the site from which Schindler was able to save over 1,000 Jews from the Plaszow forced labor camp, and ultimately from death, as portrayed in the film Schindler’s List. After an opportunity to view the exterior of the factory and take photos, enjoy a walking tour of picturesque Kazimierz in Kraków’s Old Town, followed by lunch. A thirty-mile drive west of Kraków is the Polish town of Oswiecim, known to history by its German name, Auschwitz. The German occupiers took over this former army barracks in 1940 and populated it with Polish political prisoners. As the war continued, the Nazis expanded and refined the camp, imprisoning Jews from all over Europe or sending them on to their deaths at nearby Birkenau. The Martyrdom Museum at Auschwitz is a ghastly reminder of the inhumanity which humans are capable of. An evening on your own allows reflection on today’s touring.

Accommodations: Radisson Blu Kraków (B, L)

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THE EXPERIENCE
Wroclaw to Kraków

Tour the city of Wroclaw, which was part of Germany until 1945, and was known by its German name, Breslau. Out of range of Allied bombers for most of the war, Breslau remained intact until the closing months of World War II. In August 1944 Hitler declared the city a fortress to be defended at all costs. The siege by the Red Army began on February 13, 1945. Soviet artillery and German defenses reduced the city to rubble. The Germans fought to hold the city for 82 days, but surrendered to the Red Army on May 6, 1945, making Breslau the last major German city to surrender. The city is now majority Polish and was a 2016 European Capital of Culture. In the afternoon, the group continues to Kraków after lunch.

Accommodations: Radisson Blu Kraków (B, L)
Bartoszewski's formal schooling ended with the German invasion. Nazi rule in Poland was highly oppressive: schools and universities were closed, along with newspapers, publishing houses, and virtually all other Polish institutions. Bartoszewski continued to work for the Red Cross as a clerk. In September 1940, the Germans began random roundups of men between the ages of 18 and 65. Bartoszewski was 18 years old when the Nazis arrived at his house. They stormed in, grabbed him, and put him on the second-ever transport to a small town in southern Poland where a new camp, Auschwitz, was being built. There, he was photographed, put in striped prison uniform, and given the number 4427.

Life in Auschwitz was intolerable. He watched as friends were beaten to death in front of him; he was forced into slave labor pulling a gigantic concrete roller; food was scarce. By the end of the first year he had become desperately ill. The Red Cross intervened and arranged for Bartoszewski and a number of other prisoners to be released—something which would have been impossible later in the war. He returned to Warsaw sick and too weak to function. His old friend Hanka Czaki, who worked for the Polish Underground, came to see him as he recovered, and over some weeks wrote down his testimony about Auschwitz. It was sent to London and published in April 1942 by the Home Army as *Memoir of a Prisoner*. It was the first-ever eyewitness testimony published about Auschwitz, and it was the first warning to the Allies about what was happening to the victims in the new concentration camps in German-occupied Poland.

In the spring of 1942 Bartoszewski was interviewed by Jan Karski, a later recipient of the American Presidential Medal of Freedom. As a result of this meeting, Bartoszewski was invited to join the Polish Home Army in August 1942. Disturbed by the increasing brutality directed against the Jews, he became a founding member of The Council for Aid to Jews, code named “Żegota,” was funded from London and helped approximately 50,000 Jews in occupied Poland. The exact number of those aided who survived the war is unknown, but it is thought to be less than 20%. During the course of his work Bartoszewski and the Żegota organization supported well-known activists, including Irene Sendler, who saved 2,500 Jewish children, and the “Zookeeper” Jan Żabiński, who saved Jews by hiding them at the Warsaw Zoo. Aside from his work at Żegota, Bartoszewski personally saved dozens of Jews, and as a result was honored at Yad Vashem both for his work with Żegota and for his own individual contributions. He was also made an honorary citizen of the State of Israel.

After the war, Bartoszewski was arrested and spent seven years in a Stalinist prison. Between 1963 and 1989, he worked in secret for Radio Free Europe. Given his links with the Solidarity movement activists, he was arrested again on December 13, 1981, when the Polish Communist Government declared martial law. When Poland finally threw off the communist yoke in 1989, Bartoszewski became Polish Ambassador to Austria, and then was twice made Polish Foreign Minister. He served as Secretary of State in the Polish Prime Minister’s Office until his death on April 24, 2015.

Władysław Bartoszewski suffered through the horrors of Nazism and Stalinism, and as a result was determined to be a witness to history. He wrote hundreds of books and articles, gave countless interviews, and supported initiatives to remember the war. He was Chairman of the International Auschwitz Committee, and worked tirelessly to promote ties between Poland and Israel, and between Poland and Germany. He was truly a “great survivor.”

*The Economist* magazine called him “The Great Survivor,” others referred to him as the “Polish Schindler.” He is one of the only people in the world to have been commemorated twice at Yad Vashem as a “Righteous Gentile.” Whatever the label, Władysław Bartoszewski was a remarkable figure. He witnessed some of the worst horrors of World War II, and yet he dedicated his life to the goals of reconciliation between former foes with humor, empathy, and compassion.

Bartoszewski was born in Warsaw, Poland, in 1922. The son of a Roman Catholic banker, he grew up next to the Jewish Quarter with both Catholic and Jewish visitors to the house. On September 1, 1939, he awoke to the sound of bombs falling on Warsaw. Hitler had ordered the first mass terror bombing of the war, and 20,000 civilians died. Bartoszewski volunteered to work as a stretcher-bearer for the Red Cross.
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THE EXPERIENCE

Kraków

Explore Kraków, which was included on UNESCO’s first World Heritage list in 1978. Since the Tatar raids in the 13th century, the Old Town has remained mostly intact, making it the only large Polish city to escape the destruction of World War II. The tour day begins at St. Mary’s Basilica before breaking for an independent lunch in the Old Town Square. Rynek Główny in Polish, the square is known for its quaint cafés and excellent shopping. The afternoon includes a visit to the Wawel Royall Castle, the residence of Polish kings for hundreds of years, and the gothic Wawel Cathedral, where Polish kings were crowned and buried for centuries. During the war Hans Frank, Governor General of the occupied Polish territories, installed himself in the Wawel Castle. Calling himself the “King of Poland,” he surrounded himself with stolen art including Leonardo Da Vinci’s Lady with an Ermine, and wielded his terrifying power over the population. Continue on a walking tour to Jagiellonian University, founded in 1364 by Casimir III the Great. Over the centuries, the university has educated some of Europe’s most respected figures, including Nicolaus Copernicus, Pope John Paul II, and Nobel Prize-winning poet Wisława Szymborska. Take a stroll through the university’s lovely botanical garden, which is more than 200 years old. Return to Old Town to visit Cloth Hall, which historically functioned as the main marketplace of the town. Board a short flight for Gdańsk this evening.

Accommodations: Sofitel Grand Sopot (B, D)

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THE EXPERIENCE

Gdańsk

Poland’s maritime city on the Baltic Sea, Danzig, now known as Gdańsk, was first mentioned in historical documents in 997. During its millenium of existence, this venerable port city has changed hands six times – the prize in a long game of tug-of-war between Germany and Poland. This morning, visit Westerplatte, the place where the Germans fired the first shots of what became World War II. On September 1, 1939, a German battleship paying a “courtesy call” on Gdańsk began firing shells at the Polish garrison here. After lunch on your own and the option to take a walking tour of Gdańsk, visit the Museum of the Second World War. After ample time to explore the museum, your evening is free in the quaint seaside town of Sopot.

Accommodations: Sofitel Grand Sopot (B)
Today, drive onward to Wolf's Lair, the English name for Hitler’s secret, fortified Eastern Front command post Wolfsschanze. The failed July 20, 1944, assassination attempt on Hitler’s life, portrayed in the 2008 movie Valkyrie (starring Tom Cruise) took place within the concrete fortification. Virtually untouched since the war, this huge bunker complex is where many of the major decisions affecting the conduct of the war on the Eastern Front were made. Spend the evening in the resort town of Mikolajki.

Accommodations: Hotel Mikolajki (B, L, D)

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THE EXPERIENCE
Wolf’s Lair & Mikolajki

10
- THE EXPERIENCE
Warsaw

Depart Mikolajki, bound for Poland’s capital city of Warsaw. Enjoy free time for independent exploration and lunch in Old Town Square. Set out on a walking tour this afternoon, beginning at the 1944 Warsaw Uprising Monument. Unveiled in 1989, the monument commemorates the valiant and tragic attempt of the Polish Resistance to take back the city of Warsaw from Nazi troops before the Soviet Army entered the city. This afternoon, visit the Warsaw Uprising Museum. Opened in 2004, on the 60th anniversary of the beginning of the Warsaw Uprising, this museum includes a collection of almost 1,000 photographs taken by photographer and Olympian athlete Eugeniusz Lokajski, who documented the uprising before he was killed in an artillery attack. During a reception this evening, learn more about the uprising from local members of the community.

Accommodations: Hotel Bristol (B, R)
Spend the day exploring Warsaw, starting at the Genscher Cemetery, Warsaw’s largest Jewish cemetery with over 250,000 people buried on site. Many prominent leaders of Warsaw’s Jewish community are buried here, including Marek Edelman, a leader of the uprising in the Warsaw Ghetto. Continue on to the POLIN Museum of the History of Polish Jews for a guided tour of the exhibits. The afternoon is free for lunch and individual pursuits. Drive a short distance outside of Warsaw this evening to Radzymin, the site of one of the last great tank battles of World War II, in August 1944. Explore the terrain with Dr. Richie who will explain the events of the battle and their consequences for both the Germans and the Soviets. The tour concludes at the private residence of Dr. Alexandra Richie, which was used as the headquarters for German General Herbert Otto Gille, commander of the 5th SS Panzergrenadier Division Wiking during the battle. Here, Dr. Richie hosts a farewell reception and dinner.

Accommodations: Hotel Bristol (B, R, D)

THE EXPERIENCE
Warsaw

Bid farewell to Poland this morning and transfer to Warsaw Chopin Airport (WAW) for individual flights back to the United States. (B)
**SOFITEL GRAND SOPOT**  
-**SOPOT, POLAND**-  

The Sofitel Grand Sopot is a famous spa and health resort located in the tri-city complex of Gdańsk, Sopot, and Gdynia. The area boasts historic architecture alongside cutting-edge, modern infrastructure with convenient access to enjoy the enchanting scenery. The hotel offers two restaurants, a lounge, and the Grand Spa. Services include a concierge, 24-hour room service, limousine service, library, and air-conditioned rooms.

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**REGENT BERLIN**  
-**BERLIN, GERMANY**-  

Set against the backdrop of the historic and iconic sites of Berlin, this five-star luxury property offers an indulgent dining experience at its Michelin-starred restaurant Fischers Fritz, as well as a traditional British afternoon tea each day. Accommodations feature modern technology, marble bathrooms, walk-in showers, deep soaking tubs, and private French balconies.

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**HOTEL BRISTOL**  
-**WARSAW, POLAND**-  

This distinctive hotel is located just steps from the Presidential Palace, the Royal Castle, Old Town Square, Praga, and many other attractions in the capital of Poland. With art-deco inspired interiors, guests enjoy two onsite restaurants and bars, Bristol Spa and Fitness, and impeccable service.
**AC HOTEL BY MARRIOTT WROCLAW**  
- WROCLAW, POLAND -

Housed in a redbrick building dating back to 1875 and set around an elegant courtyard, this sleek hotel is a short walk from Wrocław Town Hall and the medieval Market Square. Bright, stylish rooms with wooden floors feature chic furniture, complimentary Wi-Fi, flat-screen TVs, and tea and coffee making facilities. On-site amenities include a sophisticated restaurant, indoor pool, hot tub, sauna, spa, and gym.

**RADISSON BLU KRAKOW**  
- KRAKÓW, POLAND -

Within walking distance of Market Square and St. Mary’s Basilica, the Radisson Blu Hotel, Kraków, welcomes you with stylish interiors and conveniences like 24-hour room service and free high-speed, wireless internet. The hotel offers two on-site restaurants, a bar, a fitness center with sauna, and a beauty studio.

**HOTEL MIKOLAJKI**  
- BIRD ISLAND, MIKOLAJKI, POLAND -

Inspired by its picturesque natural surroundings on Bird Island, rooms are designed with comfort and convenience in mind, and include air-conditioning, wireless internet, minibar, coffee maker, and spa-quality bathroom amenities. The spa facilities include a relaxation area and a signature Sauna World with incredible views of Mikołajskie Lake.
## Educational Travel Programs 2019-2020

Bringing you exclusive tours with illuminating guides, best-selling authors, and the world’s foremost experts in history. Student 2020 summer learning programs also available.

### Pacific Theater

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Victory in the Pacific: Pearl Harbor, Saipan, Tinian, Guam, and the 75th Commemoration of Iwo Jima Featuring James M. Scott and Jonathan Parshall</td>
<td>March 20 – 30, 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Victory in the Pacific: World War II in the Philippines Featuring James M. Scott</td>
<td>March 15 – 22, 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Victory in the Pacific: Japan &amp; Okinawa Featuring Historian James Hornfischer</td>
<td>October 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Victory in the Pacific: Battle of Guadalcanal Featuring Historian James Hornfischer</td>
<td>August 1 – 9, 2020</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### Master Program

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<tr>
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<th>Date</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Battle of the Bulge Featuring Roland Gaul</td>
<td>December 12 – 21, 2019 (75th Anniversary Commemorative Tour); May 11 – 17, 2020; September 7 – 13, 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Masters of the Air: The Mighty Eighth Over the Skies of Europe Featuring Donald L. Miller, PhD</td>
<td>September 13 – 20, 2019; May 1 – 8, 2020; September 18 – 25, 2020</td>
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### Historian Curated Program

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<tr>
<th>Program</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The Rise &amp; Fall of Hitler's Germany Featuring Alexandra Richie, DPhil</td>
<td>September 8 – 19, 2019; May 4 – 15, 2020; September 16 – 27, 2020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soldiers and Spies: WWII Sacrifice and Espionage Featuring Alex Kershaw</td>
<td>September 22 – October 2, 2019; November 2 – 12, 2019; December 3 – 13, 2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normandy &amp; the Seine River: Aboard Uniworld's Joie de Vivre Featuring James Holland and John McManus, PhD</td>
<td>October 13 – 21, 2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philosophy and War: World War II in the Balkans Aboard Sea Cloud I Featuring Robert M. Citino, PhD</td>
<td>September 22 – October 2, 2019</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Flagship Land Program

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Program</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Easy Company: England to the Eagle’s Nest Featuring original Band of Brothers cast members</td>
<td>September 28 – October 10, 2019; May 9 – 21, 2020; June 3 – 15, 2020; September 2 – 14, 2020; September 25 – October 7, 2020</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For more information or to reserve your space, Call: 1-877-813-3329 X 257 or Visit: ww2museumtours.org
Create a lasting tribute to loved ones who served their country with a commemorative brick at The National WWII Museum.

Add a Commemorative Book
This elegant, 44-page hardcover book immortalizes the story of America's role in World War II through powerful and awe-inspiring images from the Museum's archive and includes a digitally reproduced image of your engraved brick on the cover.

Purchase your commemorative brick today.
For only $250, you can honor your personal hero with a classic red brick to be installed on our New Orleans campus. Three lines of personalized text allow you to list your name, the name of a WWII veteran or civilian, a military unit, squadron, ship, or branch of the armed forces active during the war—the choice is yours. These fathers and grandfathers, sons and daughters, friends and neighbors overcame a once-in-a-generation challenge and they deserve a memorial that will last for generations to come.

Please reserve my personalized Victory Brick(s) and Commemorative Book(s)
Number of Victory Bricks ______ at $250 each
Number of Commemorative Books ______ at $75 each
Combo Package: 1 Victory Brick, 1 Commemorative Book ______ at $325 pkg
☐ Check/Money Order ☐ MasterCard ☐ VISA ☐ Discover
Please make check or money order payable to: The National WWII Museum.
Card # ___________________________ Exp. __________________
Signature ____________________________________________________________
(2020 Italy: 1944)
(Please Print Clearly) 18 characters per line including spaces

Terms and Conditions

TOUR FARE
Your tour fare covers arrangements and services including hotel accommodations, meals as per the itinerary, gratuities, ground transportation, guiding services, and special tour inclusions as described within the travel program brochures and on the Museum’s web-site at: www.ww2museumtours.org. All fares are quoted in US dollars, are per guest and are based on double occupancy. As indicated below, airfare to and from the tour destination is not included in your tour fare. The Museum accepts no liability for the purchase of non-refundable airline tickets.

Prices quoted are based on fares in effect at the time of printing and are subject to change at any time. On land and/or cruise programs, up to the time of full payment the Museum reserves the right to increase the tour price in the event of cost increases due to changes in supplier costs, currency fluctuations or fuel or energy surcharges and all such increases are to be paid to the Museum upon notice to the tour participant of such increases.

NOT INCLUDED
Taxes, unless otherwise noted in the travel program brochure; passport, visas and associated fees; personal expenses such as laundry, telephone calls and Internet access, accident/sickness, trip cancellation, and baggage insurance; gratuities to ship and hotel personnel, unless otherwise noted in the travel program brochure; optional sightseeing excursions; airfare, baggage charges on aircraft; local departure air/airport taxes; and associated local taxes, airport facility and security taxes and federal inspection fees not listed as included in the travel program; transfers and baggage handling to/from airport/hotel/ship on days prior to arrival and/or departure if you are arriving earlier or later than and/or departing earlier or later than the scheduled group transfer(s), any overnight expenses on land due to flight schedule(s) or delays; meals, alcoholic or other beverages and all other services not specifically mentioned as included in the travel program.

PAYMENT SCHEDULE
To reserve your participation, submit an initial deposit of $1,000 per person within five (5) days of booking. A $200 per person deposit is due for any pre- and/or post-program options that you select. Final payment is due no later than ninety (90) days prior to departure. All reservations are subject to cancellation if payments are not received by the due date. Payment by check is preferred in order to reduce costs to the Museum. VISA, MasterCard and American Express are also accepted.

CANCELLATIONS
Should it be necessary to cancel your reservation, please contact the Museum immediately at 1-877-813-3329 ext. 257. Cancellations for all or any part of a tour including optional pre and/or post tour extension programs will not be effective until received in writing. Should you have to cancel, the following terms will apply:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CANCELLATION NOTICE RECEIVED BEFORE TOUR FEES</th>
<th>TOUR CANCELLATION FEES</th>
<th>PRE AND/OR POST CANCELLATION START DATE</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>121 days or more</td>
<td>$200 per person</td>
<td>$50 per person</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>120-91 days</td>
<td>$1,000 per person</td>
<td>$200 per person</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90-61 days</td>
<td>60% of full tour cost</td>
<td>(incl Pre and/or Post Tour)*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60 days or less, No Show, Early Return</td>
<td>100% of full tour cost (incl Pre and/or Post Tour)*</td>
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*In addition, applicable cancellation fees for confirmed additional hotel nights may apply. Tour cost is defined as the cost of any cruise, land, or air element purchased from The National WWII Museum.

TRAVEL INSURANCE
Because our cancellation policy is strictly enforced, we strongly recommend that you purchase trip cancellation insurance. In the event that you must cancel your participation, trip cancellation insurance may be your only source of reimbursement. Travel Cancellation is offered through the Museum’s Travel Department and information is included in your initial confirmation packet accordingly.

HEALTH, MEDICAL AND TOUR REQUIREMENTS
All guests are required to advise in writing to the Museum at the time their reservation is made if they have:
• Any physical or mental condition that may require medical or professional treatment or attention during the tour;
• Any condition that may pose a risk to one’s self and/or other participants on tour;
• Any condition that may require health aids, i.e.; oxygen, walkers, crutches, etc., or any intention or need to use a wheelchair while on the tour.

By booking passage the guest represents and warrants that he/she is physically and otherwise fit to travel and that guests will comply at all times with applicable rules and regulations of the Museum. The Museum reserves the right without liability to require a passenger to leave the tour or to refuse to accept a guest as a tour participant who, in the sole judgment of the Museum, is unfit to travel, is a danger to himself or herself or to others, does not follow instructions of the tour leader, may distract from the enjoyment of the trip by others or may require care beyond that which the Museum is reasonably able to provide. We highly recommend that participants purchase a travel insurance package that provides medical coverage since most U.S. policies do not provide coverage outside the United States.
LUGGAGE
Luggage will be limited to one (1) suitcase and one (1) carry-on per person to ensure that there is enough room on the motor coach for all passenger luggage. All luggage must be securely packed and clearly labeled. We recommend that all participants secure baggage loss and damage insurance that may be purchased for this tour.

Please see airline weight and size restrictions for luggage on international flights. The Museum is not responsible for loss or damage to luggage or any other personal item during air travel, while in a hotel during land programs, on a cruise or while on shore excursions. Under no circumstances may dangerous items (i.e. explosives, firearms, liquid oxygen, combustible or illegal substances) be taken on the tour. We recommend that you hand carry travel documents (passports and tour tickets), medications and valuables, and check with your airline regarding carry-on baggage restrictions. These items are the full responsibility of the guest at all times. The Museum shall not be responsible for the loss of or damage to such personal items.

LAND TOURS, LECTURES AND PERSONALITIES
All tours are operated by independent contractors. These independent contractors may impose additional terms and conditions and limitations of liability on tour participants. Other independent contractors retained by the Museum such as lecturers, guest personalities and entertainers are subject to change and/or cancellation without notice.

TRAVEL DOCUMENTS
All travel documents (air and tour tickets, passport) are the responsibility of the guest. It is also your responsibility to comply with all customs requirements. Without the required documents, you may be denied boarding and the Museum will not be liable for such denial or bear any financial responsibilities as a result thereof.

Security measures imposed by governments may change from time to time and you will be required to comply with them. We will endeavor to provide you with notice of measures which may affect you, but complying with any such requirement is your responsibility.

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The National World War II Museum Inc., a New Orleans, Louisiana based nonprofit 501C(3) organization and its employees, shareholders, subsidiaries, affiliates, officers, directors or trustees, successors, and assigns (collectively “the Museum”), does not own or operate any entity which is to or does provide goods or services for your trip including, lodging facilities, airline, vessel, or other transportation companies, guides or guide services, local ground operators, providers or organizers of optional excursions, food service or entertainment providers, etc. All such persons and entities are independent contractors. As a result, the Museum is not liable for any negligent or willful act or failure to act of any such person or entity or of any other third party.

In addition and without limitation, the Museum is not responsible for any injury, loss, death, inconvenience, delay, or damage to person or property in connection with the provision of any goods or services whether resulting from, but not limited to, acts of God or force majeure, acts of government, acts of war or civil unrest, insurrection or revolt, bites from or attacks by animals, insects or pests, strikes or other labor activities, criminal or terrorist activities of any kind or the threat thereof, sickness, illness, epidemics or the threat thereof, the lack of availability of or access to medical attention or the quality thereof, overbooking or downgrading of accommodations, mechanical or other failure of airplanes, vessels or other means of transportation, or for any failure of any transportation mechanism to arrive or depart timely or safely. Participants assume all such risks as well as the risk of negligence by the Museum and specifically releases the Museum therefrom.

If due to weather, flight schedules or other uncontrollable factors, you are required to spend an additional night(s), you will be responsible for your own hotel, transfers and meal costs. Baggage is entirely at owner’s risk. The right is reserved to decline to accept as a trip participant, or remove from a trip, without refund, any person the Museum judges to be incapable of meeting the rigors and requirements of participating in the activities, or who is abusive to other trip participants, leaders or third parties, or who the Museum determines to detract from the enjoyment of the trip by others. Specific room/cabin assignments are within the sole discretion of the hotel or cruise line.

The Museum reserves the right to change the itinerary or trip features at any time and for any reason, without notice, and the Museum shall not be liable for any loss of any kind as a result of any such changes. Ship schedules, port calls, hours of arrival and departure, sightseeing events, special programs and guest lecture series (if applicable), are subject to change or cancellation without prior notice. The Museum is not responsible therefore and is not required to compensate passengers under these circumstances. The Museum may cancel a trip (or an option) for any reason whatsoever; if so, its sole responsibility is to refund monies paid by the participant to it. The Museum may cancel a trip (or an option) for any reason whatsoever; if so, its sole responsibility is to refund monies paid by the participant to it. The Museum may cancel a trip (or an option) for any reason whatsoever; if so, its sole responsibility is to refund monies paid by the participant to it.

BINDER ARBITRATION
I agree that any dispute concerning, relating or referring to this Agreement, the brochure or any other literature concerning my trip, or the trip itself, shall be resolved exclusively by binding arbitration pursuant to the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. § 4, either according to the then existing Commercial Rules of the American Arbitration Association (AAA) or pursuant to the Comprehensive Arbitration Rules & Procedures of the Judicial Arbitration and Mediation Services, Inc. (JAMS). Such proceedings will be governed by substantive (but not procedural) Louisiana law and will take place in New Orleans, LA. The arbitrator and not any federal, state, or local court or agency shall have exclusive authority to resolve any dispute relating to the interpretation, applicability, enforceability, conscionability, or formation of this contract, including but not limited to any claim that all or any part of this contract is void or unenforceable. Please understand that by agreeing to these terms and conditions, you and we are waiving our right to a trial by jury.

The Museum is not responsible for misprints in tour promotional material.
The Rise and Fall of Hitler’s Germany


LIMITED TIME OFFER*

Booking early has its rewards!
See page 6 for details.